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1	APPEARANCES:
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3	CHAIRMAN:
4	MR. JOHN POTEET
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6	COMMISSIONERS PRESENT:
7	MR. GEORGE BREWER
8	MR. TONY CORMIER
9	MR. RON DUPLESSIS
10	MR. GEORGE FLOYD
11	MR. KIRBY ROY
12	MR. HENRY "DARTY" SMITH
13	MR. DINO TAYLOR
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	REPRESENTING THE LOUISIANA USED MOTOR VEHICLE COMMISSION:
19	ROBERT W. HALLACK, ESQUIRE
20	HALLACK LAW OFFICE 13007 JUSTICE AVENUE
21	BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70816
22	SHERI MORRIS, ESQUIRE ROEDEL, PARSONS, KOCH, BLACHE,
23	BALHOFF & McCOLLISTER 8440 JEFFERSON HIGHWAY, SUITE 301
24	BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70809
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ALSO PRESENT:	
MS. KIM BARON	
MR. DEREK PARNELL	
MS. MONA ANDERSON	
MS. TONYA BURKS	
MR. DWAYNE TAMBLING	
MR. NOLAN TOLLETT	
MS. SANDRA KATZ	
MR. GEOF KATZ	
MR. KEITH KIRALY	
MR. RICHIE KIRALY	
MR. DAMIEN CURTIS	
MR. JERRY SULLIVAN, ESQUIRE	
MR. ALEX VELAZQUES, ESQUIRE	
MS. LISA ARCERI	
MR. ALLEN LENTSCH	
MR. BURGESS McCRANIE, ESQUIRE	
MR. CHRIS ARCERI	
MR. DALLAS FREEMAN	
MS. BONNIE DOZIER	
	MS. KIM BARON MR. DEREK PARNELL MS. MONA ANDERSON MS. TONYA BURKS MR. DWAYNE TAMBLING MR. NOLAN TOLLETT MS. SANDRA KATZ MR. GEOF KATZ MR. KEITH KIRALY MR. RICHIE KIRALY MR. DAMIEN CURTIS MR. JERRY SULLIVAN, ESQUIRE MR. ALEX VELAZQUES, ESQUIRE MS. LISA ARCERI MR. ALLEN LENTSCH MR. BURGESS McCRANIE, ESQUIRE MR. CHRIS ARCERI MR. CHRIS ARCERI MR. DALLAS FREEMAN

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1	MR. POTEET:
2	Let's go ahead and get
3	started. Pledge of Allegiance.
4	(Pledge of Allegiance)
5	MR. POTEET:
6	Kim, can we have the roll
7	call, please?
8	MS. BARON:
9	John Poteet?
10	MR. POTEET:
11	Here.
12	MS. BARON:
13	George Brewer?
14	MR. BREWER:
15	Here.
16	MS. BARON:
17	Dino Taylor?
18	MR. TAYLOR:
19	Here.
20	MS. HARPER:
21	Tony Cormier?
22	MR. CORMIER:
23	Here.
24	MS. BARON:
25	Ron Duplessis?

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The first item on the agenda,

1 items for discussion are approval of minutes from the previous meeting. I assume that 2 3 everyone has had a chance to review the 4 meeting minutes. I need a --5 MR. SMITH: 6 I move to adopt. 7 MR. TAYLOR: 8 I second. 9 MR. POTEET: 10 Darty, and second by Dino. 11 All in favor, say, "Aye." 12 (All "Aye" responses.) 13 MR. POTEET: 14 Any opposed? 15 (No response.) 16 MR. POTEET: 17 All right. We have approval 18 of the minutes from the previous meeting. 19 Okay. The next thing we have is 20 21 financial matters. Since we didn't have a 22 meeting last month, Mona, we're going to 23 have to do September and October. 24 better get started.

25

#### MS. ANDERSON:

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All right. If you turn in your packet to your September financials, we're going to just kind of run through September since we generally just look at the year to date. The balance in the operating account at the end of September was \$1,192,000. Accounts receivable for hearings and fines was \$51,200. And the liability -- current liabilities were \$29,304.

On Page 2, the deferred in-flows, previously our deferred revenue, you can see that most of it is the 2014 year, but we were starting to get a few 2015 renewals in. The total there is \$314,413.

Turning on to the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net positions, midway the page in the center of the page, is \$105,704 year -to-date revenues. It's about a \$1,700 increase over last year, same time this year last year.

Under expenses, the salaries and related benefits were \$16,700 increase from last year. The remainder of the

expenses decreased by \$9,300.

On Page 5, the year-to-date net loss was \$110,841 compared to a loss of \$105,093 last year, the same period.

Turning on to Page 6, you can see the same figure there, the \$110,800 -- \$110,841 loss. And Page 7 shows a graph of those revenue expenses and the net position. You see in September before our renewal season started up, the revenues were in the decline.

And the following Page 8, our fee revenue, at this point, the auction fees were the higher fees. We have not started to get our renewals in yet.

Page 9 is our certificates of deposit, no change in that report. And Page 10, the hearings and fines accounts receivable at the end of September was \$51,200. We took in fines of \$3,000 -- we booked fines of \$3,000 and we collected \$18,300, the largest amount being the \$15,600 on A-1 Autoplex.

Turning on to the October statements, the balance in the operating

account at the end of October, you can see was \$1,216,000, which was up about \$24,000 from September as we start our renewal season. Accounts receivable hearings and fines decreased to \$48,600, and our liabilities decreased to \$17,400 -- current liabilities, \$17,437.

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On Page 2, the deferred in-flows, you can begin to see that our 2014/15 licenses are being renewed and the 2015 unearned income is being booked as a long-term liability, the in-flows. For 2015, we had \$30,900, and for 2014, we had \$263,677.

Turning to Page 3, year-to-date income as \$240,627, which is lower than last year. Our fees are coming in a little slower than they came in last year, but they are increasing in November.

Under expenses, the salaries and related benefits increased \$33,612.

This increase included unused annual leave that we paid to a retiring employee. The remainder of the expenses, other than salaries and benefits, decreased by \$13,460.

On Page 5, the year-to-date loss was \$59,395 compared to \$23,330 last year. The October month to date income was in the positive, \$51,446. Again, those figures shown on the chart in the next -- on Page 6, the year-to-date loss of \$59,000.

Page 7, you can see the graph of our revenues is beginning to upturn somewhat. And on Page 8, you can see a chart of our fee revenue, the dealer license fees, are beginning to represent a larger portion of the chart.

On Page 9, the certificate of deposit report is the same. Page 10, we booked -- in October, we booked \$1,750 in fines and we collected \$3,750.

And unless there are any questions, that concludes my report on the financial statements.

#### MR. POTEET:

Does anybody have any questions or comments for Mona on the September and October statements?

(No response.)

MR. POTEET:

1	All right. I need a motion
2	to approve those.
3	MR. CORMIER:
4	I make a motion to approve.
5	MR. ROY:
6	I second.
7	MR. POTEET:
8	We have a first from Tony,
9	and second from Kirby.
10	All those in favor, say,
11	"Aye."
12	(All "Aye" responses.)
13	MR. POTEET:
14	Any opposed?
15	(No response.)
16	MR. POTEET:
17	So we'll pass those two
18	together.
19	Now, let's go on and do the
20	proposed 2014/15 budget. As long as you're
21	standing up, you might as well keep going.
22	MS. ANDERSON:
23	Okay. In your packet, the
24	first page of the proposed budget is BC-1,
25	summary statement of means of financing and

you see the proposed budgeted revenues of \$1,142,043, which is approximately a 3 percent increase over what we're estimating for the end of this year. Now, we still have 8 months left in this year. So, you know, that is a -- that column is also a guesstimate. And so the way this budget is set up, the first two pages represent your revenue and the second page being your expenses, and the subsequent pages all fold up into these two pages here.

expenditures there and if you'll go ahead and turn to Page BC -- I'm sorry, BR-6a, request for salary and merit increases of incumbents, this is the detail for the salaries. The total salaries that we budgeted for the 2014/15 year were \$896,414, salaries and related expenditures. This sheet shows the salaries, first of all, in the estimated 2013/14 salary column. Those are based on ending salary rates and they're not gross earning. They're based on the ending salary rates and were used to budget the 2014/15 salaries.

You'll notice that we have a new compliance investigator that we have estimated to hire in January of this year. So you'll see half a year salary for that individual, and then total annual salary for the 14/15 year. We budgeted a -- the 4 percent increase in salaries in case that comes through for the end of 2015. retirement benefits -- our current retirement benefits are at 31.3 percent. We've budgeted 33.5 percent as this will likely increase that -- during that year for funding of the LASERS unfunded liability. We also budgeted a 5 percent increase in group insurance. This past year we received a decrease. We don't know, but we're budgeting 5 percent as a precaution. totals were brought forward to the previous sheet, which is BC-6. So you see total of the salaries and related expenditures on BC-6.

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If you turn to BR-6b, which is right after the salary detail, you see the compensation for Commission members.

That's the per diem amounts. BC-7, the

following page, is travel reimbursement for Commissioners and for field representatives.

And if you'll turn to BC-8, these are our budgeted operating expenses. Total operating expenses, we estimate about a 10 percent increase over what we've estimated for the rest of this year. And, again, we still have 8 months left in this fiscal year. So both are estimates of the totals. We've made significant decreases in printing and postage by mailing out post cards for the renewals and using e-mails to communicate with our dealers.

Under maintenance of vehicles, that would include minor repairs and maintenance to the vehicles.

Maintenance other would be our janitorial, lawn care, pest control, that type of item.

Miscellaneous expenses are miscellaneous charges such as our fees for our merchant credit cards, our bank fees and criminal background checks. Payroll related expenses are for direct deposit in our employee payroll. And automotive supplies is gasoline.

Turning to Page 9, our professional expenses, we budget our professional expenses as a maximum of the contract as a cautionary measure.

On Page 10, other charges are basically Internet related IT type charges. The fee -- annual fee that we pay for our licensing system and support for that, annual fees for the support of the accounting program and other related virus protection type programs that we use.

On Page 11, we -- are our major acquisitions and major repairs. In the 14/15 year, we budgeted for two new cars, one of which will be our annual replacement of our aging vehicles. We're trying to replace one every year to keep our vehicles on the road, and the other one would be for the new field representative -- the new compliance investigator that we'll need an additional vehicle for that.

\$10,000 for the replacement of computers.
Believe it or not, at the end of 2015, we're almost at five years with the computers that

we purchased. So we'll need to be replacing those as they wear out. We'll also need to purchase a new laptop for the compliance investigator. And all of these sheets that we've looked at fold up into BC-2, which is the total of our budgeted expenses for the year at \$1,251,172.

BC-3 shows you a summary of our net position, previously our fund balance, and you can see there that we're looking -- we're estimating on 2013/14 and that does impact what carries over into 14/15. So the fund balance may change as, you know, the remaining months in this fiscal year happen. Even so, at some point in the future, I think we're going to need to look at some sort of fee increase in order to maintain these budgeted figures.

Unless there are any questions, that concludes my report about the budget.

### MR. POTEET:

I'm just waiting to see if anybody had any questions or comments.

(No response.)

### MR. POTEET:

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All right. If you look over right after all of that information that Mona just went over with us, there's a resolution to adopt the 2014/2015 fiscal year operating budget. I need a motion accept that resolution.

# MR. TAYLOR:

I'll make a motion.

#### MR. CORMIER:

Second.

### MR. POTEET:

Do we need to read it? It's all right there for everyone to see.

Basically, what we're saying is that this is the -- we'll adopt these numbers, and then how we handle that. We can move things around. The Executive Director can move things around as long as it doesn't exceed 10 percent of the total budget. This is really a -- kind of a working document anyway.

### MR. TAYLOR:

I make a motion that we accept the resolution.

1	MD CODMIED.
1	MR. CORMIER:
2	Second.
3	MR. POTEET:
4	I have a second from Tony.
5	All in favor, say, "Aye."
6	(All "Aye" responses.)
7	MR. POTEET:
8	Any opposed?
9	(No response.)
10	MR. POTEET:
11	All right. So we have a
12	resolution adopting the 2014/2015 fiscal
13	year operating budget.
14	MS. BARON:
15	I'll get you one to sign.
16	MR. POTEET:
17	All right. Before we move on
18	to the next item on the agenda, we've got a
19	lot of people here today and I think a lot
20	of you are here for to discuss the
21	hearings and appeals. Am I right? Are most
22	of you here for that?
23	MR. HALLACK:
24	Rent-to-own.
25	MR. POTEET:

1	Rent-to-own type of folks.
2.	All right. If there's no objection from
3	anyone, I would like to move that up to this
4	point in the agenda. I think we need a
5	motion to do that.
6	MR. ROY:
7	I'll make that motion.
8	MR. SMITH:
9	I'll second.
10	MR. POTEET:
11	All in favor, say, "Aye."
12	(All "Aye" responses.)
13	MR. POTEET:
14	Any opposed?
15	(No response.)
16	MR. POTEET:
17	All right.
18	(Recess taken.)
19	MR. POTEET:
20	We need a I need a motion
21	from someone to discuss D before we discuss
22	С.
23	MR. SMITH:
24	I'll make a motion.
25	MR. BREWER:

Second. 1 2 · MR. POTEET: 3 Motion, second. 4 All in favor, say, "Aye." (All "Aye" responses.) 5 MR. POTEET: 6 7 We're going to do Item Number 8 D -- Item Letter D, discussion of Motor 9 Vehicle Sales Finance Act. 10 Do you want start, Derek? 11 MR. PARNELL: Yes. Commissioners, there's - 12 13 a lot of discussion about the Motor Vehicle Finance Act, specifically when are used 14 15 motor vehicle dealers required to hold a 16 motor vehicle sales finance license, 17 according to the Motor Vehicle Commission and as written with the motor vehicles --18 19 According to the meetings we had with the 20 Motor Vehicle Commission, it was with regard to the Motor Vehicle Sales Finance Act: 21 22 dealer is required to hold a Motor Vehicle 23 Sales Finance Act if he is making consumer 24 loans or if he is originating consumer

LUMVC defines origination of a loan

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loans.

to be the entire application process, from the initial application to the funding of the loan. We do have with us Commission counsel, Burgess McCranie.

If you can kind of help us get the conversation started as it relates to what do they define -- how do they define origination of a loan, kind of give us a synopsis of it, but I'm pretty sure he can.

### MR. McCRANIE:

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Back in 2007, we sent a memo out and talked about what origination of a loan was, and what the law requires is that if you make the loan or if you originate the loan, you have to have a license. Origination of the loan is if you fill out the credit application and do the preliminary work. That's originating the That's the way we've always taken the You know, we certainly would be position. happy to discuss that, but I'll give you a copy of this memo that went out in 2007. And that's kind have been our position. You know, we've administered this law since the '70s and it's been the same ever since. And

I guess what we're talking about here is what is originating a loan, and I think that seems to be the issue. There's no question about if you're making a loan. I mean, that's clear as a bell, but the statute has always read originating a loan. You know, in a car dealership situation, you're certainly originating the loan when you do In fact, for a period of time, the car it. dealer is actually the lender and it would probably be the same in some of your transactions with commercial credit, some of those. You're originating a loan and you are the creditor until -- up until you assign that contract. So that's certainly origination if you're doing -- going that far.

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I guess I would need to have some better understanding of what the issues are in regard to what origination is, what is the guy doing who is not originating a loan. If I'm contacting a lender on behalf of a client, I'm originating the loan, and like I say, I'm sure on some of what I call the big companies, or the banks if they do

any business with banks, you are the lender for a period of time until that loan is actually assigned. That has also been, I think, an issue about -- raised that new car dealers do not have to get a license. the reason for that is, is that the new car dealers are licensed by us to begin with and we have access to go in and do audits and so forth if we need to for any law that pertains to the sale of an automobile. The reason that the used car dealers have to be licensed is to give us authority to go in, and that's the only real difference. don't license you, we can't administer our law, which we've administered since the '70s.

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We are always willing to work with Sheri and Derek and John and whoever else. If there are some issues that we need to resolve, we are more than willing to sit down and do that. You know, we even have an agreement that goes back with the Governor's Office, you know, that we will work together and nobody will impinge on -- I won't impinge on your law and you won't impinge on

mine. I have a copy of it if you want to see that. Some of you who have not maybe been around long enough, here's this. And we have worked, I think particularly -- and with Derek here, we've a good working relationship.

#### MR. PARNELL:

Absolutely.

# MR. McCRANIE:

And we want to continue that relationship, and I came up today not to offer anything or do anything other than the fact that we want to work with you, and there we are. But as far as the licenses, the licenses simply gives us authority to go and administer the law and the reason the dealers are not -- all car dealers, we have authority to go in there anyway. That's my explanation for that and it's been that way forever. But if there are some specific issues that we need to look at, we are happy to do that.

One of the things that somebody -- the guys -- the lessors that are coming over there, well, you know, I can't

stop them from doing that, and you're talking about insurance issues, in our statute, we simply state you provide such insurance as you and your agent deem necessary to protect yourself and the public. We don't require any specific insurance, because I don't want to get in a position of telling Ron Duplessis what dealership -- he needed a dealership and have somebody come to me and say, why do you require this, you know. I don't want to get into the requirement business and that's the way our law is phrased now. So we don't have this issue with the lessors about what -- the potential liability, because our position is, you protect yourself and get the insurance that does that.

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I think -- I've been trying to work with the lessors when they come over there. It's an entirely different animal. It's a lease. It's not a rent-to-own. In the lease, you're under the auspices of the lease and movables act. You have to go to court to get your car back. You literally cannot sign a surrender at the time you do

the deal under the commercial laws and under Article 9. You can't do that. So we are much more -- it's much more difficult with leasing it. Also, with a lease, you can very easily become a credit sale. If you get down to the point where there's nothing really owed at the end, it's a credit sale and I need that truth in lending that you have to put in there. So I think some of these things are working and I think what y'all have done this morning, I think the principal reason the people have come over there is because of the insurance issue. don't know that, but I suspect that's the And, to me, this is very well -- this may have solved that issue. I think it would have resolved that issue after today, and I think you-all made the correct decision and I think the thing that really got me, I think is that 593 when they tried to put in exempt and the Legislature said, To me, that meant they can use surplus lines and everybody uses surplus lines.

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Ron, I bet you've got surplus lines in your garage policies and everything

1 now.

1.0

2 MR. DUPLESSIS:

I do.

MR. McCRANIE:

So that's just not a big issue. But I'm just saying we're willing here to work with you. If there are some issues, John, let's sit down and talk about them. We're not out to get anybody, your dealers, or take them over and anything like that.

#### MR. POTEET:

Well, Derek, why don't you sum up some of the issues that you've had?

MR. PARNELL:

Well, one of the main things that I've been getting a lot of calls about is the fact where -- the exemption that takes place on -- in the Motor Vehicle Sales Finance Act, which is 6 -- 959.36 where it talks about a motor vehicle dealer is able to be exempt from -- he can hold up 12 contracts. On the 13th contract, he must hold a sales finance license. What we ran into with dealers, they were under the

impression for many years that used car dealers can do that as well. It wasn't until, I would say, maybe a year ago when we had discussions, Sheri and I went down -that was earlier this year, where it was said that that's actually specifically for And I know recently within new dealers. rule and reg, new car -- you changed it to say new in the rule and the req. But that's one of the main issues, is that -- the exemptions of it. It's something dealers are calling me constantly saying, how is it that a new car dealer can be exempt for up to 12 vehicles and on 13, you have to have a contract and the used car dealer, if he does -- he can't hold up to 12 and have -- and not be exempt.

### MR. POTEET:

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His first one.

#### MR. PARNELL:

Right. If he originates a loan, period, if he takes paperwork, why does he have to have a license versus a new car dealer who can up to 12. That's one of the main concerns.

#### MR. McCRANTE:

I think -- I tried to answer that just now, because if I don't license him, I can't go in there and audit him. I can't do it. And I can do -- new car dealers, I can go in there all day, but that's -- the reason for that is that if I don't license them, I can't go there.

### MR. POTEET:

I guess my question about that --

### MR. DUPLESSIS:

Back in the day, it was referred to you have two conflicts of law there and I was around, unfortunately, in the day way before that was written, and the 12 was originally referring to whole contracts --

# MR. McCRANIE:

Right.

# MR. DUPLESSIS:

-- buy here, pay here.

Actually, the federal law self-limit is 25

before you have to report you're under

compliance. You know, clearly, the law, I

think it originates loans. Our guys -everybody, including the ATV dealers, boat dealers, everybody, if they were originating, they could make an indirect loan according to this law and the finance laws. But this is not controlled by the Office of Financial Institutions. For us to license our guys and make sure that the leasing guys are in compliance with Regulation M, Regulation Z, you know, everything, we have not put together a training program or told our dealers what to expect of this license and what they are complicit to. So I'll be honest with you, I think y'all are correct that it's hard for you guys to go in and police our guys. going to create a fiasco. So I recommend --I've talked to Lessie and Burgess and Ray Brandt, and I think probably what we need to do is assess it, form a committee -- a small committee that can sort this out and get back to you. It's an enormous subject and we will be here a lot longer than that hearing, I can tell you, before we solve this one. So that's my recommendation.

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I think they're very willing to work with us 1 and they -- we all understand the issues. 2 MR. McCRANIE: 3 4 This is no change. I mean, this memo was in 2007. 5 6 MR. TAYLOR: 7 Well, the change is that -the enforcement now. You know, it's people 8 9 wanting the enforcement. That's what's got 10 the feathers ruffled --11 MR. POTEET: 12 Right. 13 MR. TAYLOR: 14 -- because us as used car 15 dealers have not hear from you guys, you 16 know, from then to now. 17 MR. McCRANIE: 18 Well, I sent -- we sent you a 19 memo in 2007 and said, here you are. 20 MR. TAYLOR: 21 I don't doubt you did. 22 don't doubt that at all. But the other 23 issue I see here just -- you say you can --24 an entity of the New Car Commission is the 25 financing. That's an entity. It's a

separate entity within the New Car Commission.

MR. McCRANIE:

It's a separate statute.

MR. TAYLOR:

Separate statute. Okay.

We're going to pay for you guys to be able to enforce that statute or you to audit our dealers.

### MR. McCRANIE:

And banks and leasing companies and everybody else.

### MR. TAYLOR:

As an independent dealer, I don't necessarily disagree that that might or might not -- should or should not happen, but what I do disagree with is the fact that the new car dealers, even though you can go in there, are not having to pay the \$400 that we're having to pay. I think representing the dealers -- I'm not trying to represent the dealers, but I think that's where -- the majority of the flack. I mean, you hear a lot, a lot of complaining that the new car stores are not having to do the

same thing that the independents are doing and it's going to create a bunch of problems.

### MR. McCRANIE:

I hear you and if this was something new that just happened, I would say -- but that has been -- that \$400 has not changed ever since the first Sales Finance Act back in the '70s. It's never ever been changed. And the licensees have been paying that for 40 years, you know. But without licensing you, I can't regulate it and I have to regulate the law.

### MR. DUPLESSIS:

But the law is in error of itself in actuality. Like you collect -- if you don't license the guy, you can't -- especially, on the used car side. So that's why I think we need to sit down and form a committee and resolve the conflict, because there's a perceived conflict and it's going to be worse. The great thing is, nobody knew about it. They got the notice and threw it in the trash can, nobody paid for it. So no harm, no foul. Now that they

have to pay \$400, I think they're nervous to death that y'all are going to come in and regulate them. It is conflict.

### MR. McCRANIE:

We have -- all I'm trying to say is this. There have been dealers -- and I can find out. There's 1,000 of them, new car dealers -- used car dealers that have licenses from us. They've had them for years.

#### MR. TAYLOR:

I had it on just one of my lots, my finance lot. My additional lot, of course, don't have them right now today.

#### MR. McCRANTE:

I mean, we have a zillion used car dealers that have licenses, always had licenses. I mean, it's been forever. I mean, it's not — it may be some particular people that we said, oh, what about John, is he licensed? Go see, you know. But that doesn't mean we haven't been licensing, getting \$400 from used car dealers for 30 years. I mean, I'll find out exactly how many we've got, but I bet it's 1,000.

#### MR. HALLACK:

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And there are 3,500 used motor vehicle dealers.

### MR. McCRANIE:

Well, I would say at least 1,000. I don't know how many there are.

MR. TAYLOR:

I assume the majority of those would be owner financed cars. I would assume that.

### MR. McCRANIE:

Oh, yes. They jimmy up right quick. And banks are an example. We have banks that get a license from us that pay \$400 just because they don't want any issues, you know. They have to comply with the law. I mean, even if you were not licensed, you would still have to comply with the law and that doesn't -- the law doesn't change, because you're -- like a bank is exempt. A bank does not have the ability to charge other interest rates for anything or not comply with the law. But we have banks that get licensed, you know, just don't want to fool with it. That's the

1 thing. MR. BREWER: 2 3 The question I've been asked 4 many, many times is, you can't even take a 5 credit app, not that you have the license. MR. McCRANTE: 6 7 That's what we talk about 8 when we're saying you're originating a loan. 9 MR. BREWER: 10 So that originates the loan 11 -- the transaction. So they have to get the 12 license to take a credit app. 13 MR. McCRANTE: Look, you know, the law has 14 15 said originate a loan. The question then 16 becomes, do we need to define originating a 17 It's never been defined. loan. There may 18 be in the great scheme of things a federal 19 definition of originating a loan. I don't 20 know. 21 MR. BREWER: And it starts with the credit 22 23 app. 24 MR. McCRANIE: 25 It starts with a credit app.

1	MR. BREWER:
2	Okay.
3	MR. HALLACK:
4	Well, I want to say this on
5	behalf the Commission, we disagree that
6	filling out a credit app is a loan
7	origination. When you read the Motor
8	Vehicle Sales Finance Act, that's a law that
9	was written for lenders. Origination is an
10	act by the lender, not by a dealer taking an
11	app. The dealer is not
12	MR. McCRANIE:
13	I don't see that may be
14	something we need to look at.
15	MR. HALLACK:
16	I have.
17	MR. McCRANIE:
18	We haven't changed our
19	opinion of that, at least since 2007, you
20	know.
21	MS. MORRIS:
22	I started doing some work
23	some research on origination, which I
24	haven't completed, and there are various
25	definitions and various rules related to

other lending situations that we can kind of 1 2 borrow and figure out. 3 MR. McCRANIE: Sheri, that's fine with me. 4 5 I mean, I have no problem -б MS. MORRIS: 7 And I think that --8 MR. McCRANTE: 9 -- working on what is an 10 acceptable definition of origination of a 11 Like I said, we -- our position ws set out, probably before '07, but the last 12 13 time was 2007. And there may be in the 14 federal statutes or sometime, maybe 15 origination of a loan. I don't know. 16 don't know if OFI has an origination of a 17 loan definition. 18 MS. MORRIS: 19 They have several in their 20 rules, because they have mortgage lenders, 21 they have different types of lenders and 22 different --23 MR. McCRANIE: 24 Right. We would be the same 25 as consumer credit.

### MR. HALLACK:

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Well, I just want to point out to you that it's -- the \$400 per year license is not the big issue. The big issue is, are our dealers in violation, can they be subjected to fines --

### MR. McCRANIE:

Sure.

## MR. HALLACK:

-- and things like that. That's the big issue. The other issue is, too, that our dealers are being told that if they are originating a loan, they need to let a license, but they have to comply with the New Car Commission's advertising laws, So those are the two big issues. It's not just the \$400 per license issued. also, are they going to be subjected to fines or is their advertising going to be criticized. That's the two really big issues that confront our dealers right now. So in the interim before we do the study group, you know, I would like to know, can we tell our dealers that this is going to be studied, nobody is going to be handed a

violation ticket. 1 2 MR. McCRANIE: Now, I don't -- I do not have 3 4 the authority to say that. 5 MR POTETT. 6 Well, then, what we need to 7 do is, we need to get a meeting before the next Commission -- is that possible, Derek, 8 9 to get a meeting? 10 MR. McCRANTE: 11 You are talking about 12 advertising. I've been in the position 13 where the Chairman said, of course, we're 14 subject to y'all's advertising rules, you 15 I've heard that for years. 16 MR. HALLACK: 17 I kind of disagree with that. 18 MR. McCRANIE: 19 We don't talk to them about 20 advertising. There's several rules on 21 advertising on leasing, that's federal 22 rules, you know. We don't have any --23 MR. HALLACK: 24 But the New Car Commission 25 investigator has been talking to used motor

vehicle dealers about their advertising. That is going on.

MR. TAYLOR:

That is correct, in my town.

MR. McCRANIE:

I don't know. I'll look into that. I don't know. I have no idea.

MR. PARNELL:

Yes. We -- both Commissions have worked -- since I've been here four years, we've worked very well together and I think moving forward at the suggestion of Commissioner Duplessis we get together and do a committee study prior -- you can do it prior to your next meeting. That way, we can --

## MR. POTEET:

I was going to say -- sorry,
Betty. I was going to say that if you get
together with Lessie and kind of resolve
sort of a short-term, you know -- I don't
know what to call it, but a cooling off
period or something where we say, hey, give
us 60 days or 90 days to look at all of
these issues.

# 1 MR. McCRANIE: 2 I would have to talk to them. 3 I don't have any authority. 4 MR. POTEET: 5 That's what I'm saying. 6 was going to ask Derek to do it. I think 7 Mr. Hallack had summed up pretty much the two issues -- or the two main issues. 8 Т don't think there's really an issue with the 9 1.0 \$400 fee. It's just a matter of should I be 11 paying that or not and do I fall into that. 12 And I think we've got at least some issues that revolve around that. Am I right? 13 14 MR. HALLACK: 15 Yes, sir. 16 MR. POTEET: 17 I'm going the right way. 18 So, Derek, before the next 19 meeting, if you could get together with 2.0 Lessie, and then maybe just to get an 21 agreement to start working towards 22 something, and then maybe we could appoint 23 one or two of our --24 MR. McCRANIE:

I'm trying to think of

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anything in our advertising rules that would 1 2 apply to used cars and the only one I can 3 think of right off the top of my head is, 4 vou can't advertise a discount on a used 5 car, discount for --MR. POTEET: 6 7 Well, we're talking about --8 I mean, the advertisements that were in 9 question, weren't they about the finances? MR. TAYLOR: 10 11 It's generally about finance 12 and terms as low as and things of that 13 nature is the things that --14 MR. McCRANIE: 15 Well so much of that is federal stuff. 16 17 MR. TAYLOR: 18 But if that's federal who --19 you know, as dealers, we need to know who 20 enforces that. 21 MR. McCRANIE: 22 We have the -- anything 23 involving the sale of cars, your guys should enforce that. 24 25 MR. DUPLESSIS:

Well, there's the key words. 1 You know, I sit on both sides of the 2 3 equation, so I kind of get it. Most of the stuff is federally regulated. Our rules 4 5 here are adopted by the Federal Trade Commission, truth in advertising. 6 what we go by. The -- I think the 7 acceptance is when you have buy there on the 8 spot manufacturer rebates -- hidden rebates 9 10 that don't apply to the used car side. 11 what does apply, you know, is possibly some of key prohibited words. 12 13 MR. McCRANIE: 14 The financing is at issue 15 here. 16 MR. DUPLESSIS: 17 Yes. 18 MR. McCRANIE: 19 Well, everyone finances. 20 Well, that's just bull. You know, no state in the world allows everybody to finance. 21 22 MR. POTEET: 23 I think the advertising that 24 was in question, wasn't that -- the way it 25 was worded, there was going to be a bank

1	representative on site. I can't remember
2	how it was.
3	MR. TAYLOR:
4	That was out of Shreveport.
5	MR. POTEET:
6	Financing through, you know,
7	ABC Bank and that was somehow was an
8	interpretation. I don't know.
9	MR. McCRANIE:
10	Well, look, if you if
11	something like that comes up, let Lessie
12	know. We're not out to get your people.
13	MR. POTEET:
14	I know you're not.
15	MR. McCRANIE:
16	But we also I think we
17	both or all of us have an obligation to
18	protect the consumer.
19	MR. POTEET:
20	Correct.
21	MR. McCRANIE:
22	And some of these ads are
23	just you know, I'll tell you a Fair Trade
24	Commission rule. If there's a negotiated
25	price, nothing is free. That's Federal

Trade Commission. In a car, if you're negotiating a price, then you can't say anything is free, because it's in the negotiated price. That's a Federal Trade Commission rule, you know. You can't say, I'm going to give you free gas for life, you know, because it's not free, you know. If there's a negotiated price, all that's got to be figured in. That's -- in the Federal Trade Commission, there's no such thing as free items in a negotiated price.

#### MR. TAYLOR:

When the dealer -- this is a question I don't know. When a dealer pays their \$400 and gets their finance license, what portion, what percentage, all of it, what are we as dealers bound to, I mean, is it just your Sales Finance Act?

# MR. McCRANIE:

Just the Sales Finance Act.

MR. TAYLOR:

Period?

MR. McCRANIE:

Period.

MR. TAYLOR:

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It doesn't open up the rest of anything that would contradict with one of our statutes?

### MR. McCRANIE:

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No. I think the sales finance you've got, it's just -- it's consumer sale or credit sale or a consumer loan. A consumer loan would be, you know, if you go to the bank and borrow money. Consumer credit is when you take a lien against the car, you know. Both are covered and the interest rates are covered in the statute, but that's all we cover. And then, we've got gap in there, too. I don't know if you all offer gap or not.

# MR. TAYLOR:

We do.

#### MR. McCRANIE:

It seems to be an enormously profitable deal guided only by what the finance company will finance. Now, some states have a limit on what you can charge for gap. Y'all are probably typically paying a gap of about \$100, maybe \$140, charging \$600 or \$800 for it, huge profit

incentives for the dealer. That's what I'm saying, if you're not using gap, you -- as a seller, you must offer gap. MR. TAYLOR:

We've got a gap where if No. you decline it, you sign a gap waiver.

MR. McCRANIE:

Has that been approved?

MR. TAYLOR:

Has my gap waiver been

approved?

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### MR. McCRANIE:

Gap has to be approved by the -- the waiver has to be approved, and there are certain rules what you can do and what you can't do.

## MR. HATTACK:

I think -- if you're going to put together a committee, I think the Commissioners who want to be on the committee need to voice up and say, I want to participate and be involved in that, and make sure that they get notice of when the meeting is coming up.

MR. TAYLOR:

1	Give me time to check on that
2	gap waiver first.
3	MR. HALLACK:
4	You didn't notice, I was
5	trying to get off that issue.
6	MR. McCRANIE:
7	You have to have a license as
8	a dealer or a salesman.
9	MR. DUPLESSIS:
10	It has to be pre-approved by
11	the gap provider. So we'll let you sleep on
12	it.
13	MR. McCRANIE:
14	But, you he said he had
15	his own waiver.
16	MS. MORRIS:
17	I'm sure that the company
18	provided
19	MR. POTEET:
20	Oh, yes, absolutely.
21	MS. MORRIS:
22	He didn't write it.
23	MR. McCRANIE:
24	And it has to be insured.
25	MR. POTEET:
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I think you've been very helpful.

# MR. McCRANIE:

Well, thank you. I really enjoyed y'all's meeting today. I keep saying my leasing guy is coming back to the fold, you know. No. I thought it was handled very well. I think you really made the right decision. You know, you talk about your Article 9 or whatever is absurd. I think this did reach an absurd conclusion, you know, or whatever. Anyway, you know where I am. Thank you for your time.

## MR. POTEET:

Okay. So I think what -- Mr. Hallack is saying, yes, whoever wants to be on the committee, but I think you need to talk to her before we form a committee and determine what are the issues the committee is going to discuss.

## MR. HALLACK:

Our responsibility is to our dealers, because our dealers are looking to us for answers to these questions, am I going to be issued a fine, because I got

1 somebody to fill out a credit app? 2 MR. TAYLOR: 3 That's exactly right. MR. POTEET: 4 5 Derek. 6 MR. PARNELL: That's what we're trying to 7 8 establish. 9 MS. MORRIS: 10 Derek and I previously met 11 with Lessie and Burgess and we had -- I 12 thought at the end of that meeting, which 13 was before the session, and, you know, let's 14 write down kind of checklist, so we all 15 understand and interpreting it the same way 16 and if we're not interpreting it the same 17 way, let's work out those things, but we 18 never received the checklist or the 19 interpretation and we didn't know about the 20 2007 letter, which might have helped as a 21 starting point. 22 MR. POTEET: 23 And I think to that point --24 back to Robert's point is that, you know, if

somebody this afternoon from the New Car

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Commission goes out to one of our dealers and starts asking them questions, we need to have something. So I'm just saying if you could get Lessie to give us some period of time, 30 days, to come up with some sort — at the end of the year, to come up with some sort of an agreement or checklist or whatever, then we can work on that.

#### MR. DUPLESSIS:

I spoke to her on Friday. I spoke to both Derek and Sheri and it was -- and I spoke to her specifically about the north Louisiana instance, and I think they're going to calm down and we'll be able to put together a coalition that makes it right. I think we owe our guys an obligation to and do what we can in all the things that we license, but if this Motor Vehicle Finance Act is not adequate to serve our dealers that we represent, I'm going to tell you, no.

#### MR. PARNELL:

They have no training at all.

### MR. DUPLESSIS:

They don't have anything.

They don't have anything that I think that 1 2 we need to have. And I'm going to request 3 they do a compliance. New car dealers are a totally different animal. You have captive 4 5 financing. So you have all of that in play. 6 Our guys have to go find that for 7 themselves. So I think we need to be good 8 stewards here and they'll work with us. 9 MR. PARNELL: 10 I really need to get 11 something out to the dealers, so they can 12 know exactly. 13 MS. MORRIS: 14 Especially, in the beginning 15 of the year when they're renewing their 16 license or getting their license. 17 MS. BARON: 18 Well, they're getting very 19 scared, because they're seeing fines, fines, 20 fines, you know, and we didn't know. 21 MR. PARNELL: 22 It is primarily in north 23 Louisiana that we have that issue. 24 MS. BARON: 25 Yes, and there's a lot up

1 there. 2 MR. HALLACK: They are having an 3 investigator problem. 4 5 MR. DUPLESSIS: 6 Agreed. I think it's been 7 researched, let's say. MR. POTEET: 8 9 All right. Let's move on to 10 C. 11 MR. TAYLOR: 12 After you talked about 13 financing, can we have a cooling period. We 14 have two dealers, in particular, that I 15 would like to, you know, just to be able to 16 tell them, you know, this is coming, this is 17 going to happen, I can see that it's going to happen, but, guys, we're going to try to 18 19 put together something for y'all, just hold 20 tight and do the right things and -- you 21 know, I need some information to bring to 22 these guys. 23 MR. PARNELL: 24 I'll do that. 25 MR. HALLACK:

A memo to that effect would be fine, to say that we're currently pursuing this and looking into it and we'll let you know what's going on.

#### MR. TAYLOR:

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I would like to be on that committee, of course.

#### MR. PARNELL:

C is discussion of Louisiana
Auctioneers Licensing Board meeting. There
was -- a month ago, there was a discussion
with the Louisiana Auctioneers Board. It's
been ongoing regarding the need for a
separate auction license issued by the LUMVC
in addition to the auctioneers license that
they hold.

Robert, I think you had put something together for us just to kind of -MR. HALLACK:

Okay. Well, what you have is a letter that I wrote to Derek. As you know, we had to go and find the files on this matter, because this is not the first time it was discussed, and it's kind of strange to me why they feel like it's a new

This is not a new issue. In 2004. we were -- had become aware that -- let me back up even further. In 1984, we started licensing auctions as a used car dealer. Auctions sold used cars, so we licensed them as used car dealers. Auctions have always been part of our law. And in 2004, the Auctioneers Board tried to license one of the used motor vehicle auctions. person did not want to have a license with them and us at the same time. So the issue came up, and so we told them, well, we've been licensing used auctions since our inception, but I tell you what, we'll put auctions in the definition of a used motor vehicle dealer, and then we'll exclude certain things that you believe need to be -- stay within the Auctioneers Board. included auctions in the definition of a used motor vehicle dealer in 2004. What you have in the letter is the minutes of the Commission meeting where it was discussed, and that's how it started. We had a dealer complaint about dual licensing. We got with the Auctioneers Board. We came together and

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came to an understanding, which resulted in my letter of February 24th. I don't know if that's in there or not. But the letter of understanding between the two Commissions then became legislation in 2004, like I said where we added auctions to the definition of a used motor vehicle dealer. So it reads that if you sell, borrow, everything, and auction used motor vehicles, you must be -you must have a license with this Commission and it included the word auction. also excluded certain things that the Auctioneers Board wanted us to exclude in that provision or my letter. It excludes liquidations, bankruptcies, farm equipment, and things like that. So that was the understanding that became -- I think I called it Act 550 of the 2004 legislative session. So that was our understanding. Now, that -- I think what they're questioning now is that part of legislation that says principal part. You know, it says -- I don't have it in front of me.

MS. BARON:

It's in the packet, the rest

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of the -- rest of what he's talking about is inside the packet.

## MR. HALLACK:

Right. And it gives you the definition there. Auctioneers are auction houses who are not engaged in the auction of used motor vehicles as the principal part of their business. So I think they're kind of looking for an interpretation of that principal part of their business, because they now have a member who does occasionally sell used motor vehicles through a used motor vehicle auction, and they've always been licensed by this Commission, but now they question whether or not they should be licensed by this Commission.

## MR. POTEET:

At one time, auctions only had one license.

#### MR. HALLACK:

That's correct.

## MR. POTEET:

Then we added a separate. So an auction now that's principally selling cars, not other things, those auctions pay a

-- they get a UD license, and they also get from this Commission an auction license, two separate licenses.

## MR. HALLACK:

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Now, talking to the Administration, it's my understanding that -- you have to realize, everything at the inception of the Commission was licensed as a used motor vehicle dealer, motorcycle dealer, dismantler. Everybody was licensed as a used motor vehicle dealer. separated it out and created classifications, and so -- but it's still licensed as a UD dealer and I talked to the I don't understand if a Administration. used motor vehicle auction is not selling vehicles at retail why they would have to have a UD license, and Kim tells me it's for insurance and bond purposes. There are a lot of used motor vehicle auctions apparently that do sell cars on the side, too, or I don't know.

#### MR. POTEET:

I'm sure there are some. I don't do that.

1	MS. BARON:
2	There's a lot of them that
3	do.
4	MR. HALLACK:
5	But I would recommend that if
6	an auction doesn't sell cars retail, that
7	they only have to have one license and they
8	would make the provisions in the law.
9	MR. POTEET:
10	The auctions, not the used
11	dealer.
12	MR. HALLACK:
13	Right, the auction license,
14	not the used dealer license.
15	MR. POTEET:
16	Everybody is looking at me.
17	I guess I'm the only auction here.
18	Well, I mean, I guess that
19	makes sense. I don't know you know, I
20	don't know what I have really in common with
21	used car dealers, I mean, other than cars.
22	I mean, I'm not selling to the public. I
23	don't I certainly don't get into any kind
24	of financing with the public. I don't even
25	allow the public on my property, if I can

stop them, other than people who are redeeming their cars that have been So I think we are a different repossessed. animal within subcategory in your industry -- in our industry, you know. I don't compete, per se, with some dealers. compete with wholesalers, but I'm not -again, there's no consumer -- really, there's no consumer involved with it. I've always wondered about that myself, too. But I can see how, I quess, an auction would be, you know, questioning really why do I need three licenses. It's not the question of two licenses. It's the question of three licenses.

### MR. HALLACK:

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Well, there are a number of businesses that are regulated by state and federal law that have a number of different licenses.

## MR. POTEET:

Yes. We have this -- we were just talking about it, just talking about that same thing.

#### MR. HALLACK:

1 Yes, sure. 2 MR. POTEET: 3 So, you know, I quess I would 4 sort of have to almost recuse myself, because I would like to pay less in license 5 fees. 6 7 MR. TAYLOR: Would you run me through all 8 the licenses again auctions have? They have 9 10 a two year? 11 MR. POTEET: 12 I have to have a two year. Ι 13 have to have a used car dealer license just like you do, and then I have an auction 14 15 license. 16 MR. TAYLOR: 17 How much is your auction license? 18 19 MR. POTEET: 20 They're the same price. 21 MS. BARON: 22 Four hundred. 23 MR POTEET: 24 And then I also have to get a 25 license by the LALP, and, you know, the

Auctioneer Licensing Board, really, they spend all their time with the real estate When you talk about who they're auctions. regulating, they don't get into car auctions very often, because the car auctions are -you know, except for some off site type sales, most car auctions are going to be in the same place at the same time every week, the same building. Whereas, somebody who is doing a real estate auction, they're running around to all of these different estates and, you know, estate auctions and all the different -- gun auctions. We're the only thing that I can think of -- maybe somebody can think of this, but we're the only type of auction that is in a set place all the time. So we're kind of a different animal. MR. TAYLOR:

How many auctions do we have

## licensed?

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MS. BARON:

Eighty-ish.

23 MR. TAYLOR:

How many, 80?

MS. BARON:

1 About 80 or something. 2 MR. PARNELL: 3 Seventy or 80. 4 MR. POTEET: 5 That includes the salvage 6 auctions, right, which, I mean, they're a 7 different category, too. 8 MS. MORRIS: 9 And it includes auctions that 10 are not just selling vehicles. You're 11 limited to vehicles. Some of them are selling trailers, equipment, vehicles all 12 13 mixed in, and they do move from place to 14 place. 15 MR. POTEET: 16 It's a different kind of 17 auction. 18 MR. HALLACK: 19 Well, I think the licensee 20 that's complaining, she does some 21 liquidations. She does some estate, but we 22 looked her up on the Internet last week and 23 she was doing a motorcycle -- a used 24 motorcycle auction. We know that she was 25 heavily involved in the used travel trailer

auctions. So what I'm recommending is that 1 2 we simply write back to the Auctioneers 3 Board and explain to them what -- that we're going to enforce the law as it's written, 4 5 and this was the agreement that we reached 6 with your Board back in 2004, that everybody 7 has been happy to live under for nine years. 8 MR. POTEET: 9 Nine years. 10 So this -- was this the

So this -- was this the actual interagency agreement?

# MR. HALLACK:

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The interagency agreement was the statute that we agreed on.

### MR. POTEET:

Well, I will say it, again.

I would think -- I don't know if anybody
else has any comments on this. I would say
to send this back to them, that here's what
we have dating back to 2004, I mean, what's
different now, kind of like Mr. McCranie
told us.

#### MR. TAYLOR:

Now, we're trying to -- primarily, that was the word they were

1	trying to define, available. I mean, all of
2	this is kind of coming full circle here.
3	MR. POTEET:
4	It's been a bad
5	interpretation.
6	MS. BARON:
7	To clarify how many auctions
8	we have, there's actually only 44.
9	MR. POTEET:
10	And there are probably only a
11	dozen or so that are like us.
12	MS. BARON:
13	That are like you.
14	MR. POTEET:
15	That are like me.
16	MR. HALLACK:
17	That don't sell cars on the
18	side.
19	MR. POTEET:
20	We don't sell cars on the
21	side. We don't do mobile auctions. We
22	don't travel around. We don't go to
23	somebody's dealership and do auctions. I
24	know that Manheim does that, but not, I
25	don't think, in this state. I think they do

it in Mississippi. That's where they will go to a dealership and say, we will create a -- like, a private label -- they call it a private label auction.

### MR. HALLACK:

So do we need to make legislation to create a separate classification for auctions that don't sell used --

#### MS. BARON:

They do it separately, if we're not going to make them have both licenses.

#### MR. HATTACK:

What would all of that

entail?

# MS. MORRIS:

I think we need to go back and look at the statute, but I'm not convinced that we need legislation to clarify that. We probably need clarification as to when you need the other license. You might need to get some more information on the application just to verify the nature of the business to

determine which license to issue. So I'm not sure that we need an adjustment of the statute, but we just need to go back and research that. I don't think our current application gives us enough information that we know what you're doing. So, in some cases, we know the business of the person, the particular complaint. We don't know the scope of her business and really what we found was from the Internet, which may or may not be accurate. So I think we might need to -- we might be able to work with the current statute and look at our application with respect to auctions and just have them certify that they're not doing this or that, and they wouldn't need the additional license, maybe.

#### MS. BARON:

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All the application asks is if it's wholesale or public or do you own -- MS. MORRIS:

We don't gather enough information to do that.

## MR. POTEET:

Well, in Texas -- you know,

my company has an auction in Texas. 1 2 there we don't have any kind of license through the motor vehicle. We have an 3 auctioneer license. That's it. 4 5 MR. HALLACK: 6 But should an auction, if they sell at retail, should they be required 7 8 to have a bond? 9 MR. POTEET: 10 I quess so. 11 MR. DUPLESSIS: 12 That's where they should have 13 a bond. 14 MR. POTEET: 15 Well, I have a bond with 16 both. I have a bond with you guys and I 17 have a bond with the Auctioneer Licensing 18 Those are two separate bonds. Board. 19 MR. HALLACK: 20 But I agree, there's no 21 reason why you should have to have two 22 licenses, and that's why I'm trying to 23 understand. 24 MR. POTEET: Also -- the way I understand 25

it, the auction license through this
Commission was because I'm dealing with car
dealers and there are certain things that
need to be considered, but to be a used
motor vehicle dealer, I don't do anything
that any of these guys do. I mean, unless
somebody can tell me.

#### MR. TAYLOR:

You're in the public auction, you are, but you don't have a public auction license.

#### MR. POTEET:

I think somebody that's a public auction has to be both, because they're a car dealer. Dealing with public auction, you have to do all the same things a car dealer does.

### MR. HALLACK:

Maybe we don't need an auction license, we just need a used motor vehicle dealer license.

## MR. POTEET:

Or the other way around.

# MR. HALLACK:

I'm just trying to understand

1 what the justification is for both. 2 MR. DUPLESSIS: 3 Well, don't you think that 4 maybe it's just an inherent complaint? 5 MR. HATTACK: 6 Sure. 7 MR. DUPLESSIS: 8 That's what it sounds like to 9 me, because I've watched the videotapes that 10 were sent. 11 MR. POTEET: 12 Yes, I watched some tapes, 13 too. 14 MR. DUPLESSIS: 15 They're really -- they're 16 quite entertaining. 17 MR. POTEET: 18 It's an entertaining 19 Commission, Board. 20 Well, I don't -- you know, 21 again, I don't know if I should even be 22 discussing this, because, you know, it's 23 just like anybody in this room, would you 24 rather have your license fees go up or go 25 The answer is going to be, prefer down.

them to go down. I mean, I don't have any
-- you have the same investigators. There's
not a separate investigator that comes and
investigates me for auction, and then
another investigator investigating me for
car dealer. And if he's investigating -- he
or she were investigating me for car dealer,
what would you look at?

#### MR. HALLACK:

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Well, we do have a separate set of laws that deal only with auctions.

#### MR. POTEET:

Right, and I'm okay with that. I'm just saying as a car dealer -- if you're going to treat me as a car dealer, what would you say to me, you haven't had any sales, you're not advertising, you're not --

#### MS BARON:

You have no complaints.

## MR. POTEET:

I haven't had any complaints from dealers. I've had complaints.

Betty D. Glissman, CCR

# MR. HALLACK:

Well, I just thought from our

standpoint, we could cut back on a lot of things.

MR. POTEET:

Again, I -- yes, I would like to have one less license. If you're asking me, yes. But I'm also -- I think I'm being objective enough to say if there's a reason for it, I don't have any objection to having two licenses from this Commission, but I don't see for -- certainly, from my standpoint, as what do I get out of the Commission. Again, there's no separate investigator. There's not -- you know, I'm never doing anything that a car dealer does, transferring title, maybe. We transfer title.

### MR. TAYLOR:

If we decided not to make you have a sales license, a used dealer license, do you send out your field investigators to go make sure they're not doing a public auction and maybe define which license --

#### MR. POTEET:

I guess that would be the only thing that you would do.

## 1 MS. BARON: 2 They would have to regulate 3 them some sort of way. So they would have 4 to go out and make sure that the auctions 5 that they say they're doing is what they're 6 doing. 7 MR. POTEET: 8 Then you would be a 9 curbstoner. 10 MS. BARON: 11 Exactly. 12 MR. POTEET: 13 That would be essentially 14 what you would be is a curbstoner. If I 15 decided to start selling cars on my lot and 16 I only had the auction license, then I would 17 essentially be a curbstoner. Then you would 18 fine me for curbstoning or say, you need to 19 get a used car dealer license, which is the 20 same thing we say to curbstoners. 21 MR. HATLACK: 22 Is that something you want to 23 look into or just let it go for now? 24 MR. POTEET:

I think what we should do is

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1	go back to these people, back to their
2	Auctioneer Licensing Board, and remind them
3	of all the things that we talked in the past
4	and see what they do next.
5	MR. BREWER:
6	You only have, what, about 12
7	or so true auto auctions in the state?
8	MR. POTEET:
9	I think it's 14, somewhere
10	from 12 and 14.
11	MS. BREWER:
12	And they probably are all
13	required to have the dual license, right?
14	MR. POTEET:
15	Yes.
16	MR. BREWER:
17	It's not a big issue.
18	MR. POTEET:
19	Not to us. I mean, this
20	other
21	MS. BARON:
22	But they're looking at it.
23	That's the thing. We have one person that's
24	complaining and they're looking into it
25	hard.

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#### MR. POTEET:

So, again, my recommendation is what Mr. Hallack dug up out of his archives and this new letter and send it over to them and say, here's what we came up It's kind of like chess, what's your with. We're responding to their complaint. It really hasn't been a complaint. I mean, we've seen the video, but their formal correspondence with us has not been a complaint. It's been more what do you think So I think this is our answer we should do. right now. Put a tag on their plate and see what they come back with.

From our standpoint, as an auction, I think you've got a couple of different types of animals. You've got the kind of auction that I'm in, which is, you know, a brick and mortar structure on a lot that never moves, and then you've got the kind of auctions that do cars and motorcycles, sometimes as part of an estate or something else, and those are the ones that are -- I mean, ours -- to George's point, I think it's easy to figure out what

we do. Some of those others, it might be a little harder to figure out what they're doing. I would assume when they have an auction, that -- and, again, this is an assumption. I would assume that they invite the public, that they're not just a dealer on the auction. This is the other part, you know, not only are we a standalone brick and mortar building, we're a dealer on the auction. We're specifically excluding the public.

#### MS. BARON:

And we have several that rove -- that go from address to address.

#### MS. MORRIS:

I think sometimes when people apply for their license at the end of the year, they don't know what type of items they're going to be hired to auction. So I think some of them get it, because they don't know if they'll get a whole fleet of vehicles.

## MS. BARON:

Yes.

MS. MORRIS:

1 You don't know what business 2 you are going to get. So some of them, I 3 think, have it and it might be at the end of the year they could say, I only sold five 4 5 vehicles, but they didn't know that until people approached them to do auctions. 6 7 MR. HALLACK: It sounds kind of like it's 8 9 not really worth the effort to figure out a 10 way to reduce it to one license for 11 businesses like yours since there are only 12 12 to 14. 13 MR. POTEET: 14 I abstain from the 15 discussion. 16 MS. MORRIS: 17 We have the other 30. 18 MR. POTEET: 19 Does anybody else agree, 20 because our next step is to send all this 21 over to them and let them look at it? 22 MR. TAYLOR: 23 But, in the meantime, that 24 person, if they sell cars, needs a license. 25 MR. POTEET:

They have one. 1 2 MR. PARNELL: 3 They already had one. MS. MORRIS: 4 5 They are a long-time 6 licensee. This was after they renewed. 7 They're not in violation. 8 MR. PARNELL: I think that when we went to 9 10 a two-year license, it kind of got to them a 11 That's when she made that little bit. complaint. So I don't know if that had 12 13 anything to do with it. 14 MR. POTEET: 15 Okay. So let's move on to 16 the Executive Director's report. What else 17 can he talk about? MR. PARNELL: 18 19 I have a review of complaints 20 totals you'll find in your packet. We have the complaint totals from September and 21 22 October. The first document is your alleged 23 There were a total of 113 issue counts. 24 alleged issues for the month of September, 25 2013. The second document is also an

alleged issue count for the month of October.

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For the month of October, there were a total of 105 alleged issues. The third report is the case report for the month of September. As always, the case report illustrates the number of assigned, completed and remaining open cases for that month. In particular, there were 84 cases assigned in the month of September. Thirty-five cases were closed, leaving 49 of those cases remaining open. The month of October is the next case report. There were 82 cases assigned. Nineteen cases were closed, leaving 53 cases remaining open for the month of October. The next document is the department summary report. For the month of September, there were 91 cases closed in the month of September. In the month of October, there were 42 cases closed.

That would conclude the Executive Director'S report. General information, I would like to strike that from the agenda.

1	MR. POTEET:
2	Okay. Does anybody have any
3	questions for Derek at this point?
4	(No response.)
5	MR. POTEET:
6	Okay. Ratification of
7	revocations.
8	MR. PARNELL:
9	All right. Commissioners,
10	you will find in your packet an illustration
11	of the revocations. The first item it is
12	Rabee Auto Sales, which is located at 2600
13	Lapalco Boulevard, Harvey, Louisiana.
14	MR. POTEET:
15	Hold on just a second. Do we
16	know if any one of these dealerships are
17	represented here today, any of these? Do
18	you want to just check?
19	MS. BARON:
20	Yes. I can check, but I
21	don't believe anybody was coming.
22	MR. POTEET:
23	No one.
24	MS. BARON:
25	No one.

# 82 MR. POTEET: 1 2 So what we'll do is, we'll 3 have you go through all of these, and then we'll do one ratification. 4 5 MR. PARNETIT: 6 One at the end? 7 MR. POTEET: 8 Yes, one at the end. 9 MR. PARNELL: 10 All right. Commissioners, as 11 we found, there are no persons here

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representing any of these dealerships. first one on the list is Rabee Auto Sales. They're located at 2600 Lapalco Boulevard, Harvey, Louisiana, 70058. Their license UD number is 242458 and their AD number is 40658. Their license was revoked back in January of 2013 because of no licensed salesperson. Salesperson -- I'm sorry, a suspension notice was sent March 22nd of 2013 giving him 10 days to comply. final revocation notice was sent September 26, 2013.

The next item is Top Hatch, 815 Central Avenue, Jefferson, Louisiana.

Their ZIP code is 70121. Their license number UD is 240514. It was revoked on January 1, 2013 because of no salesperson licenses. A suspension notice was sent March 13 of 2013 giving them 10 days to comply. The final revocation notice was sent on September 30th of 2013.

The third item is Auto
Solutions located at 3303 South Broad
Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, 70125.
Their license UD number is 243494. They
were revoked back on January 1st because of
no licensed salesperson. A Suspension
notice was sent on March 23rd of 2013. The
final revocation was sent on October 4th of
2013.

The fourth item is M&S Auto Wholesale located at 9033 Highway 23 in Belle Chasse, Louisiana, 70037. License number UD number is 243262. Their license was revoked back on January 1, 2013 because of no licensed salesperson. A suspension notice was sent March 25, 2013. The final revocation notice was sent October 4th of 2013.

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The fifth item is Quality
Auto Solutions, LLC. They're located at
9515 Almonaster Avenue in New Orleans,
Louisiana, 70127. Their license UD number
is 243172. Their insurance expired on July
29th of 2013. They were revoked back on
July 30th of 2013 because of the insurance
expiration. A suspension notice was sent on
September 13th of 2013 giving them 10 days
to comply. The final revocation notice was
sent on October 17th of 2013.

The sixth item on the list is Unlimited Auto Sales. They're located at 7900 Chef Menteur Highway, New Orleans, Louisiana, 70126. Their license UD number is 243538. They were revoked January 1st of 2013 because of no licensed salesperson. A suspension notice was sent on March 25, 2013. The final revocation notice was sent October 17th of 2013.

The seventh item is Hammond's Transportation, LLC. They're located at 13921 Chef Menteur Highway, New Orleans, Louisiana. ZIP code is 70129. The license UD number is 243362. They were revoked back

on January 1, 2013 because of no licensed salesperson. A suspension notice was sent on March 25, 2013. The final revocation notice was sent on October 21st of 2013.

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Number eight on the list is
Stafford Used Auto Parts and Supplies.
They're located at 2101 Peters Road, Harvey,
Louisiana, 70058. The license AD number is
40337. They were revoked back on January 1,
2013 because of no salesperson. A
suspension notice was sent out on March 13,
2013. The final revocation was sent on
October 21, 2013.

Number nine is Ross' Trading Post. They're located at 1735 Airline Drive, Kenner, Louisiana, 70062. Their license UD number is 239749. They were revoked back to January 1st of 2013 because of no licensed salesperson. A suspension notice was send March 23, 2013. The final revocation notice was sent on October 21, 2013.

Number 10 on the list is

Preferred Motors, LLC. They're located at
2332 Williams Boulevard, Kenner, Louisiana,

70062. Their license UD number is 242332. Insurance expired on August 10th of 2013. Revocation on August 11th of 2013 because of the expiration of insurance. A suspension notice was sent on September 6, 2013 giving them 10 days to comply. The final revocation notice was sent on October 21st of 2013.

Number 11 and our final one is Thibodeaux Auto Sale, Inc. They're located at 461 Billeaux Road in Carencro, Louisiana, 70520. Their license number UD is 239648. Their insurance expired on August 11th of 2013. Their license was revoked on August 12th of 2013 because of the expiration of insurance. A suspension notice was sent August 26th of 2013. final revocation notice was sent on October 21st of 2013.

Commissioners, I ask that you ratify all 11 revocations and their sales persons.

MR. ROY:

I move.

MR. SMITH:

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1	Second.
2	MR. POTEET:
3	I have a motion. Second,
4	Darty.
5	All in favor, say, "Aye."
6	(All "Aye" responses.)
- 7	MR. POTEET:
8	Any opposed?
- 9	(No response.)
10	MR. POTEET:
* 11	Okay. All of those are
12	revoked.
13	So the only thing that we
- 14	have left on our agenda is items for next
15	agenda. I'm assuming you passed out the
16	January date. It's on the 20th. So MLK Day
17	is on the 20th, I assume. So we need to
18	have a meeting probably the 27th, because we
19	can't get our financials done by the 13th.
20	Am I right? So can everybody make the 27th
21	versus the 20th for the January meeting, not
22	for the December meeting?
23	MS. BARON:
24	Right, January.
25	MR. POTEET:

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                       February had a date, which is
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        the 16th. Okay. So the 27th.
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                      Saying that, this meeting is
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        adjourned.
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               (Meeting adjourned at 1:51 p.m.)
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# REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE I, BETTY D. GLISSMAN, Certified Court Reporter, Certificate No. 86150, in and for the State of Louisiana, do hereby certify that the Louisiana Used Motor Vehicle Commission November 18, 2013, meeting was reported by me in the stenotype reporting method, was prepared and transcribed by me or under my personal direction and supervision, and is a true and correct transcript to the best of my ability and understanding. This November 26, 2013, Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

BETTY D. GLISSMAN, CCR

CERTIFIED COURT REPORTER